## **Exercises**

Master's degree in environmental science and engineering

# Occupational and environmental health

2.1 Chemical pollutants - properties

## 1) Quiz question

a) Calculate the composition of the vapor phase in equilibrium with a mixture of 10% benzene and 90% xylene by volume

Benzene: Xylene

 $\begin{array}{ll} \rho 20^{\circ} \text{C} = 0.879 \text{ kg/l} & \rho 20^{\circ} \text{C} = 0.864 \text{ kg/l} \\ \text{P°}_{\text{benzene}} \, (20^{\circ} \, \text{C}) = 10.0 \text{ kPa}, & \text{P°}_{\text{xylene}} \, (20^{\circ} \text{C}) = 0.80 \text{ kPa} \\ \text{MW} = 78.1 \text{ g/mol} & \text{MW} = 106.2 \text{ g/mol} \end{array}$ 

#### 2) Blood concentration

The partition coefficient between blood and air at  $37^{\circ}$ C for benzene is 7.1. Calculate the concentration of benzene remaining in 1 ml of blood containing initially 5 mg/l, after equilibration with 10 ml of air at  $37^{\circ}$ C.

#### 3) Surprise fridge

I am storing a mixture of 30% hexane and 70% non-flammable chlorinated solvent in a refrigerator at 4°C. Is there a risk of fire/explosion if there is a source of ignition (such as an electrical spark from the thermostat)?

The properties of hexane are as follows

Boiling point: 69°C

Melting point: -95°C

Flash point: -23°C

LEL: 1.2 %

UEL: 7.7 %

Vapor pressure (25°C): 256 mmHg

Vapor pressure (0°C): ~46 mmHg

- A. Yes, because the vapor pressure of the mixture exceeds the LEL at this temperature
- B. Yes, because the refrigerator temperature exceeds the flash point of hexane
- C. No, because the UEL is exceeded
- D. No, because the flash point of the mixture is higher than the refrigerator temperature